## **Stanwood Public Library Mission Statement**

The mission of the Stanwood Public Library is to strive to provide programs, materials, and services in a welcoming space to meet the needs of the community.

Every effort will be made to provide the best service within the constraints of the budget and facility. The library will strive to cooperate with other libraries, educational institutions, agencies, and individuals to gain information resources for residents within its services area and to provide a high standard of service. (Amended April 20, 2022) (Reviewed and Approved August 6, 2025)

## **Library Bill of Rights**

The American Library Association affirms that all libraries are forums for information and ideas, and that the following basic policies should guides their services.

- Books and other library resources should be provided for the interest, information, and enlightenment of all people of the community the library serves. Materials should not be excluded because of the origin, background, or views of those contributing to their creation.
- 2. Libraries should provide materials and information presenting all points of view on current and historical issues. Materials should not be proscribed or removed because of partisan or doctrinal disapproval.
- 3. Libraries should challenge censorship in the fulfillment of their responsibility to provide information and enlightenment.
- 4. Libraries should cooperate with all persons and groups concerned with resisting abridgment of free expression and free access to ideas.
- 5. A person's right to use a library should not be denied or abridged because of origin, age, background, or views.
- 6. Libraries which make exhibit spaces and meeting rooms available to the public they serve should make such facilities available on an equitable basis, regardless of the beliefs or affiliations of individuals or groups requesting their use.
- 7. All people, regardless of origin, age, background, or views, possess a right to privacy and confidentiality in their library use. Libraries should advocate for, educate about, and protect people's privacy, safeguarding all library use data, including personally identifiable information.

(Adopted June 18,1948. Amended February 2, 1961, June 27, 1967, January 23, 1980, January 29, 2019. (Inclusion of "age" reaffirmed January 23, 1996, by the ALA Council)) (Reviewed and approved February 2, 2022) (Reviewed and approved August 6, 2025)

## Freedom to Read

- 1. It is in the public interest of publishers and librarians to make available the widest diversity of views and expressions, including those that are unorthodox, unpopular, or considered dangerous by the majority.
- 2. Publishers, librarians, and booksellers do not need to endorse every idea or presentation they make available. It would conflict with the public interest for them to establish their own political, moral, or aesthetic views as a standard for determining what should be published or circulated.
- 3. It is contrary to the public interest for publishers or librarians to bar access to writings on the basis of the personal history or political affiliations of the author.
- 4. There is no place in our society for efforts to coerce the taste of others, to confine adults to the reading matter deemed suitable for adolescents, or to inhibit the efforts of the writers to achieve artistic expression.
- 5. It is not in the public interest to force a reader to accept the prejudgment of a label characterizing any expression or its author as subversive or dangerous.
- 6. It is the responsibility of publishers and librarians, as guardians of the people's freedom to read, to contest encroachments upon that freedom by individuals or groups seeking to impose their own standards or tastes upon the community at large; and by the government whenever it seeks to reduce or deny public access to public information.
- 7. It is the responsibility of publishers and librarians to give full meaning to the freedom to read by providing books that enrich the quality and diversity of thought and expression. By the exercise of this affirmative responsibility, they can demonstrate that the answer to a "bad" book is a good one, the answer to a "bad" idea is a good one.

(Adopted June 25, 1953, by the ALA Council and the AAP Freedom to Read Committee. Amended January 28, 1972, January 16, 1991, July 12, 2000, June 30, 2004.) (Reviewed and approved January 2020.) (Amended February 2, 2022) (Reviewed and approved August 6, 2025)